Product Farmer's Friend Dairy Hypochlorite 12%

Revision date 1St April 2020

Revision 1



Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Section 1: Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Farmer's Friend Dairy Hypochlorite 12%

Synonyms, Trade names No information available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified usesCleaning agent.Uses advised againstAny other purpose.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Emerald Clover Ltd.

Drumduffy Drumkeeran Co. Leitrim N41 T998 Ireland

Tel: 071 96 48008

Contact person info@emeraldclover.ie

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Emergency medical information: 8am-10pm (seven days) contact National Poisons

Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9. Tel 01 $8092566\,$

National emergency telephone

number

Call 999 or 112.

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and chemical hazards Me. Corr 1 - H290

Human health Skin Corr. 1B - H314, Eye Dam. 1 - H318, STOT SE 3 - H335

Environment Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

2.2 Label elements

Contains SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 5 - 16%

Detergent labeling ≥5% <15% chlorine-based bleaching agents

Label in accordance with (EC) no.

1272/2008



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements Prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

EUH statements EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

Section 3: Composition/identification of ingredients

3.1 Substance

Not applicable.

3.2 Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	Reg. EU 1272/2008	%
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 5 - 16%		Me. Corr I - H290, Aquatic Acute I - H400	5-< 16%

The full text for all hazard statements are displayed in section 16.

Composition comments The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor. Seek medical

attention for all burns and eye injuries, regardless how minor they may seem. First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue. Provide general first aid, rest, warmth

and fresh air.

Inhalation Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be

administered by qualified personnel. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get prompt

medical attention.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Provided the patient is fully

conscious, washout mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that stomach vomit doesn't enter

the lungs.

Skin contact SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Promptly

flush contaminated skin with water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical $\,$

 $attention\ immediately.$

Eye contact SPEED IS ESSENTIAL. Avoid contaminating unaffected eye. Wash thoroughly with soft,

clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Get medical attention immediately. In the case of difficulty of opening the lids,

 $administer\ an\ analgesic\ eye\ wash\ (oxybuprocaine).$

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system. Symptoms: Breathing difficulties, cough, chemical

pneumonitis, pulmonary oedema - Repeated or prolonged exposure: Nose bleeds, chronic

bronchitis.

Ingestion Severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus

and the stomach. Risk of shock and respiratory disorder. Symptoms: Nausea, abdominal pain, bloody vomiting, diarrhoea, suffocation, cough, and severe shortness of breath. Risk of

chemical pneumonitis from product inhalation.

Skin contact Corrosive! Can cause redness, pain, and severe skin burns. Symptoms: Redness, swelling of

tissue, burns, ulceration.

Eve contact Corrosive! Vapours are irritating and may cause damage to the eyes. May cause irreversible

eye damage. May cause blindness. Symptoms: Redness, lachrymation, swelling of tissue,

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to the physician Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding

environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No unsuitable extinguishing media identified.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. In case of fire the product Hazardous combustion products

releases hydrogen chloride.

Unusual fire & explosion hazards Irritating or corrosive vapors may be emitted during a fire. Do NOT breathe fumes. Contain

run-off. The product is oxidizing when dried.

Promotes combustion of combustible products or materials. Specific hazards

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures If possible, fight fire from protected position. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them.

> Keep up-wind to avoid fumes. Containers close to fire should be removed immediately or cooled with water. Suppress (knock down) gasses/vapours/mists with a water spray.

Protective equipment for firefighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard

EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Do not mix with other chemicals. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this

> safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection. Eliminate

all sources of ignition.

For emergency responders If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in

Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations for normal use of product. Do not touch spilled

material.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spill clean up methods Ventilate and evacuate the area. Eliminate all ignition sources. Wear necessary protective

equipment DO NOT touch spilled material! Stop leak if possible without risk. Use non -

metallic tools/containers for clean up.

Absorb spillage with inert, damp, non-combustible material or use a liquid binding material. Place waste material into suitable labelled sealed containers for disposal. Remove waste

promptly to a safe area. Flush with plenty of water to clean spillage area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See section 1 for emergency contact. For personal protection, see section 8. For waste

disposal, see section 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling

Use personal protective equipment, see Section 8. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not use contact lenses. Keep away from flammable materials and incompatible substances. Use only equipment and materials which are compatible with the product. Do not confine the product in a circuit, between closed valves, or in a container without a vent. Always wash hands after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not

confine product in unvented vessels or between closed valves. Keep in a bunded area. Keep

away from direct sunlight. Keep away from incompatible materials (see section 10).

Corrosive storage

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Storage class

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

Usage description Use only according to directions.

Section 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredient comments No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

8.2 Exposure Controls

Protective equipment



Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate

> certified respirators. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as CEN (EU). If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133). Respirator with a vapour filter (EN 141). In case of decomposition (see section 10),

face mask with combined type B-P2 cartridge.

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374) is recommended. (EU Directive 89/686/EEC). Selection of the glove material depends on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and degradation, and concentration specific to the workplace. Gloves must be inspected prior to

> Suggested material: Nitrile. Minimum layer thickness: >= 0.35 mm. Break through time: 480 min. Suggested material: PVC. Minimum layer thickness: 0.5 mm. Break through time: 480 min. Suggested material: Butyl rubber. Minimum layer thickness: 0.5 mm. Break through time: 480 min. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Consult manufacturer for specific advice on material. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product.

Wear safety goggles or face shield to prevent any possibility of eye contact. Use equipment

for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as EN

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact. The selected clothing must satisfy the European norm standard EN 943. Protective clothing should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands after handling. Wash promptly if skin becomes wet or contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Engineering measures Respiratory equipment

Hand protection

Eye protection

Other protection

Hygiene measures

Process conditions

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close by in the work place.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceLiquid.ColourYellow-green.OdourChlorine Pungent.

Odour threshold - lower No information available.

Odour threshold - upperNo information available.

pH-Value, Conc. Solution >11 (15% solution).

pH-Value, Diluted solution No information available.

Melting point No information available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No information available.

Flash point No information available.

Evaporation rate No information available.

Flammability state No information available.

Flammability limit - lower(%) No information available.

Flammability limit - upper(%) No information available.

Vapour pressure No information available.

Vapour density (air=1) No information available.

Relative density 1.25 at 20 °C (Chlorine; 15%); 1.3, at 21.2 °C (Chlorine; 24.3%).

Bulk density No information available.

Soluble in water

Decomposition temperature No information available.

Partition coefficient; n-

Octanol/Water

No information available.

Auto ignition temperature (°C) No information available.

Viscosity No information available.

Explosive properties No information available.

Oxidising properties No information available.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight No information available.

Volatile organic compound No information available.

Other information None noted.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Reactivity Corrosive to metals. Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions Metals: Decomposition with formation of oxygen. Acids: Violent decomposition with release

of chlorine.

Hazardous polymerisationUnknown.Polymerisation descriptionNot applicable.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, sparks, open flames, temperature extremes and direct sunlight. To avoid thermal

decomposition do not overheat. Avoid freezing.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Metals, Salts of metals, Acids, Organic materials. Keep away from Nickel, Copper, Cobalt,

Aluminium, Manganese.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Chlorine, Sodium chlorate, Hypochlorous acid, predominant at acid pH, is 4 to 5 fold more

toxic than hypochlorite ion. The release of other hazardous decomposition products is

possible.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information No toxicological information for the overall finished product.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Acute toxicity (Oral LD50)} & LD50, \, \text{rat,} > 1,100 \, \text{mg/kg (Chlorine)}. \\ \textbf{Acute toxicity (Dermal LD50)} & LD50, \, \text{rabbit,} > 20,000 \, \text{mg/kg (Chlorine)}. \\ \textbf{Acute toxicity (Inhalation LD50)} & LC50, \, 1 \, \text{h, rat,} > 10.5 \, \text{mg/l (Chlorine)}. \\ \end{array}$

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Skin corrosion/irritation No information available.

Respiratory sensitisationGuinea pig, did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Skin sensitisation
Guinea pig, did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure:

STOT - Single exposure Human experience, Remarks: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure:

STOT - Repeated exposure No information available.

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system. Symptoms: Breathing difficulties, cough, chemical

pneumonitis, pulmonary oedema - Repeated or prolonged exposure: Nose bleeds, chronic

bronchitis.

Ingestion Severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus

and the stomach. Risk of shock and respiratory disorder. Symptoms: Nausea, abdominal pain, bloody vomiting, diarrhoea, suffocation, cough, and severe shortness of breath. Risk of

chemical pneumonitis from product inhalation.

Skin contact Corrosive! Can cause redness, pain, and severe skin burns. Symptoms: Redness, swelling of

tissue, burns, ulceration.

Eye contact Corrosive! Vapours are irritating and may cause damage to the eyes. May cause irreversible

eye damage. May cause blindness. Symptoms: Redness, lachrymation, swelling of tissue,

burn.

Waste management When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to

handling of the product. For wastewater containing product, do not discharge into ground or

drain without treatment.

Routes of entry No information available.

Target organs Eyes, skin, digestive system, respiratory system.

Aspiration hazards: No information available.

Reproductive toxicity: Oral, rat, 5 mg/kg, Effects on fertility, NOAEL, (Chlorine). Oral, rat, 5.7 mg/kg,

Developmental Toxicity, NOAEL, (Chlorine).

Name	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	LD50 inhalation
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 5 - 16%	>1100.00mg/kg Rat	>20000.00mg/kg Rabbit	>10.50mg/l (vapours) Rat 1 Hours

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity - Fish Fishes, various species, LC50, 96 h, 0.06mg/l, fresh water (active chlorine). Fishes, Menidia

peninsulae, NOEC, 96 h, 0.04 mg/l, salt water (Chlorine). Fishes, various species, 96 h, 0.032

mg/l, Marine water (active chlorine).

Acute toxicity - Aquatic invertebrates Crustaceans, various species, EC50, 48 h, 0.026 mg/l (Chlorine). Crustaceans, Daphnia

magna, EC50, 48 h, 0.141 mg/l, fresh water (active chlorine).

Acute toxicity - Aquatic plants
Acute toxicity - Microorganisms
Chronic toxicity - Fish
Chronic toxicity - Aquatic
No information available.
No information available.

inverteb rates

Chronic toxicity - Aquatic plants Chronic toxicity - MicroorganismsNo information available.

Ecotoxicity The product contains substance which is very toxic to aquatic life.

Eco toxilogical information The product contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

Biological oxygen demandNo information available. **Chemical oxygen demand**No information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potentialDoes not bioaccumulate.Bioaccumulation factorNo information available.Partition coefficient; n-No information available.

Octanol/Water

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobile in water environment.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The product does not contain any PBT or vPvB Substances.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

	Acute toxicity (Fish)	Acute toxicity (Aquatic invertebrates)	Acute toxicity (Aquatic plants)
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 5 - 16%	LC50 96 Hours 0.06ppm Freshwater Fish	EC50 48 Hours 0.14ppm Daphnia magna	

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste management When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to

handling of the product. For wastewater containing product, do not discharge into ground or

drain without treatment.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements, and in

accordance with all local, national and international regulations. For waste disposal, use a

licensed industrial waste disposal agent.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

 UN no. (ADR)
 UN1791

 UN no. (IMDG)
 UN1791

 UN no. (IATA)
 UN1791

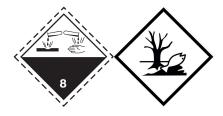
14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR proper shipping name IMDG proper shipping name IATA proper shipping name HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR class 8
IMDG class 8
IATA class 8

Transport labels



14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN packing group II
IMDG packing group II
IATA packing group II

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR Yes IMDG Yes IATA Yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

EMS F-A, S-B
Emergency action code A3 A803
Hazard no. (ADR) 80
Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7 Transport in bulk according to annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC code

Not applicable.

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/Legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with amendments. The UN Globally Harmonized System (GHS) Safety Data Sheet format (Annex IV) is implemented as Annex II of REACH EU No 453/2010 of 20th

May 2010 amending regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Approved code of practice 2016 Code of Practice for the Chemical Agents Regulations in accordance with section 60 of

the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act 2005 (No. 10 of 2005).

Chemical safety assessment No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Section 16: Other information

General information This Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with Reach Regulation (EC) No 453/2010

Revision 1

Safety data sheet status Approved.

Hazard statements in full

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.